## PATENT COOPERATION TREATY



# **PCT**

## INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

(PCT Article 36 and Rule 70)

Applicant's or agent's file reference 02/085 NUT	FOR FURTHER ACTION See Notification of Transmittal of International Preliminary Examination Report (Form PCT/IPEA/416)						
International application No.	International filing date (day/month/year) Priority date (day/month/year)						
PCT/EP2003/014713	22 December 2003 (22.12.2003) 24 December 2002 (24.12.2002)						
International Patent Classification (IPC) or national classification and IPC A61K 35/78							
Applicant NUTRINOVA NUTRITION SPECIALTIES & FOOD INGEDIENTS GMBH							
This international preliminary examination report has been prepared by this International Preliminary Examining Authority and is transmitted to the applicant according to Article 36.							
2. This REPORT consists of a total of	5 sheets, including this cover sheet.						
This report is also accompanied by ANNEXES, i.e., sheets of the description, claims and/or drawings which have been amended and are the basis for this report and/or sheets containing rectifications made before this Authority (see Rule 70.16 and Section 607 of the Administrative Instructions under the PCT).							
These annexes consist of a to	otal of3 sheets.						
3. This report contains indications rela	ating to the following items:						
I Basis of the report							
II Priority							
III Non-establishment	of opinion with regard to novelty, inventive step and industrial applicability						
IV Lack of unity of inv	vention						
V Reasoned statement citations and explan	t under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; nations supporting such statement						
VI Certain documents o	cited						
VII Certain defects in th	he international application						
VIII . Certain observation							
Date of submission of the demand	Date of completion of this report						
14 July 2004 (14.07.2	2004) 15 April 2005 (15.04.2005)						
Name and mailing address of the IPEA/EP	Authorized officer						
Facsimile No.	Telephone No.						

Translation

International application No.

## PCT/EP2003/014713

<u> </u>		eport	
1. With	regard to	to the elements of the international application:*	
	the inte	ernational application as originally filed	
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3. With prelimi	the lang the lang or 55.3). regard to inary exact containe filed tog furnished furnished the stationernation. The stationernation the state been furnished together the state been furnished the sta	guage of a translation furnished for the purposes of international search (under Rule 23.1(b)). guage of publication of the international application (under Rule 48.3(b)). guage of the translation furnished for the purposes of international preliminary examination (u). to any nucleotide and/or amino acid sequence disclosed in the international application amination was carried out on the basis of the sequence listing: ed in the international application in written form. gether with the international application in computer readable form. ed subsequently to this Authority in written form. ed subsequently to this Authority in computer readable form. attement that the subsequently furnished written sequence listing does not go beyond the ional application as filed has been furnished.	n, the international
5. Tobo	th th th the condition the con	the description, pages	e 14 are referred to Iments (Rule 70.16
		409 (Box D (July 1998)	

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. INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT PCT/EP2003/014713

III. Non-establishment of opinion with regard to novelty, inventive step and industrial applicability								
1.	1. The questions whether the claimed invention appears to be novel, to involve an inventive step (to be non obvious), or to be industrially applicable have not been examined in respect of:							
		the entire international application.						
	$\boxtimes$	claims Nos.	I, 11, 14 (partly)					
	because	e:		•				
		the said internation relate to the follo	onal application, or the said claims Nos. wing subject matter which does not require an internation	nal preliminary examination (specify):				
		the description, of are so unclear th	claims or drawings (indicate particular elements below) of at no meaningful opinion could be formed (specify):	or said claims Nos				
				·				
		the claims, or sa by the description	uid claims Noson that no meaningful opinion could be formed.	are so inadequately supported				
	$\boxtimes$	no international	search report has been established for said claims Nos	1, 11, 14 (partly) .				
2	2. A meaningful international preliminary examination cannot be carried out due to the failure of the nucleotide and/or amino acid sequence listing to comply with the standard provided for in Annex C of the Administrative Instructions:							
	$\dot{\Box}$	the written form has not been furnished or does not comply with the standard.						
		the computer readable form has not been furnished or does not comply with the standard.						
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Supplemental Box

(To be used when the space in any of the preceding boxes is not sufficient)

Continuation of: BOX III

As already extensively dis ussed in the international search report, the current claims 1, 11 and 14 relate, inter alia, to an active substance characterised in terms of a desirable property, namely its cholesterol-lowering effect. The claims therefore encompass all the products, etc. which show this effect or property, yet the application provides support in the description (PCT Article 5) for only a limited number of such products. In the present case the claims lack the proper support and the application lacks the requisite disclosure to such an extent that it does not appear possible to carry out a meaningful search covering the entire range of protection sought. Regardless of the above, the claims also lack the requisite clarity (PCT Article 6) since they attempt to define the active substance in terms of the desirable property which is to be achieved. Again, this lack of clarity is such that it is not possible to carry out a meaningful search covering the entire range of protection sought. The search was therefore directed to the parts of the claims that appear to be clear, supported and disclosed in the above sense, namely the parts that relate to the active substances listed on page 9, paragraph 3 of the description, i.e. statins, bile acid resorption inhibitors, bile acid sequestrants, cholesterol absorption inhibitors, fibrates, nicotinic acid derivatives, phytosterols, plant stanols and cholesterol-lowering plant extracts.

The applicant is again advised that claims or parts of claims relating to inventions in respect of which no international search report has been established cannot

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Supplemental Box

(To be used when the space in any of the preceding boxes is not sufficient)

Continuation of: BOX III

normally be the subject of an international preliminary examination (PCT Rule 66.1(e)). In its capacity as International Preliminary Examining Authority the EPO generally will not carry out a preliminary examination for subjects that have not been searched. This also applies to cases where the claims were amended after receipt of the international search report (PCT Article 19) or where the applicant submits new claims in the course of the procedure under PCT Chapter II.

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V. Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement

	Citations and explanations supporting such statement					
1.	Statement					
	Novelty (N)	Claims	1-19	YES		
		Claims		NO		
	Inventive step (IS)	Claims		YES		
		Claims	1-19	NO NO		
	Industrial applicability (IA)	Claims	1-19	YES		
		Claims		NO		

### 2. Citations and explanations

The subject matter of claims 1-19 is not considered inventive for the following reasons.

EP-0616780 (D1) describes natural carob fibres with cholesterol-lowering properties and processes for producing the same.

EP-1203535 (D2) shows the use of cereal germ flour, for example carob, wheat, rye, maize or their mixtures, for producing phytate-rich foodstuffs for treating or preventing pathological or prepathological phytate-deficiency states. A favourable effect of phytates is their ability to lower the concentration of cholesterol and triglycerides in blood, with positive effects on cardiovascular diseases.

WO-A-0343659 (D3) describes oral administration compositions which contain a mixture of a statin, DHA, vitamin E, etc..., together with a suitable carrier, and which are particularly useful as dietary supplements administered in order to reduce cardiovascular disease risk factors, such as increased serum cholesterol level and high blood pressure.

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WPI 1987-118804 (D4) reports on a lipid metabolism accelerator for weight control and reduction of blood serum cholesterol, the accelerator containing garlic extract as active substance.

D5 (Marie-Pierre St-Onge et alia) shows that a mixture of triglycerides having a medium chain length, phytosterols and linseed oil has a protective effect against cardiovascular disease, by reducing blood lipid parameters, and can certainly be used for weight regulation.

D6 (H. Drexel, F. Follath, 1993) reports that fibric acid derivatives, nicotinic acid and omega-3 fatty acids effectively lower VLDL.

D7 (John A. Farmer, A. M. Gotto, 1996) is an overview of various lipid-regulating agents (such as nicotinic acid, HMG-CoA-reductase inhibitors, fibric acid derivatives, etc...), their mechanisms and effects on lipids.

In conclusion, it can be determined that the individual components of the claimed cholesterol-lowering agent and their individual cholesterol-lowering properties were already known in the prior art. As long as the synergistic effect asserted by the applicant (see page 13, last paragraph; page 14, first complete paragraph; and page 15, paragraphs 2 and 3), as well as the presumed shift of the HDL/LDL ratio to the "good" HDL cholesterol (page 5, paragraph 4), are not validated by experimental data, an inventive step cannot be recognised.